

CANADIAN PONY CLUB



B LEVEL WRITTEN/ORAL 2012

References:

CSH	Conditioning Sport Horses
EVM	Equine Veterinary Medicine
HCH	Horse Conformation Handbook
HN	Horsemaster's Notebook
MH	Manual of Horsemanship – 12 th Edition
S	Saddlery
US AB	USPC AB Manual
US C	USPC 'C' Manual
US CMS	USPC Conformation, Movement & soundness
US L&G	USPC Longeing and Ground Training

Total Marks 100 Pass 65 (65%)

PART A - STABLE AND PASTURE

[1] 1. Why is good ventilation so important in a stable?

[4] 2. If you were designing a barn, what are two types of flooring you might choose? Give reasons for and against your choices. USPC AB 383-85

(3) 3. What are two ways to provide light in a barn? Explain one advantage and one disadvantage for each. MH 131-132

(2) 4. What tools would you choose to clean a stall bedded with straw? Why are these tools different than those you would choose to pick out a stall with shavings
MH 134

PART B - FEEDING

- (1) 5. List the 4 fat soluble vitamins. MH p. 182
- (2) 6. Why should beet pulp pellets not be soaked in hot water? MH 166
- (3) 7. What nutrient is responsible for the following:
- a) building and maintaining muscle MH 180
 - b) maintaining the flow of digestion in the gut (USAB 308)
 - c) helping to digest and carry other nutrients in the body MH 179
- (4) 8. Give two reasons why older horses may need changes to their diet. Give one solution for each situation. US AB p 307 MH p 159

PART C - FOOT AND SHOEING

- [1] 9. When should you use hot shoeing rather than cold shoeing?
US C 254
- (3) 10. Name the three tendons in the foot HN p 154 VN 233
- (1) 11. Give two reasons why quarter clips are used on hind shoes instead of toe clips
NZ2 103 104
- (1) 12. What is the purpose of the periople? US AB 275
- (2) 13. There are 2 structures in the foot that are very similar, but are interdigitated (each has finger-like processes that twines with the other structure). What structures are these? What role do they play in the foot? HCH 174 USAB 255
What is the function of the laminae? HN pg 153
- (2) 14. What is the appearance and purpose of a Polo or Rim shoe? US AB p 285

PART D - GROOMING

(4) 15. When you prepare a horse for showing or sale, list 4 areas and explain why you will trim, pull or clip each.

(3) 16. Describe why and how the following grooming tools are used:

a) water brush b) wisp c) cactus cloth

MH 203-207

(2) 17. What is “banging”? Give two reasons why it is done.

MH 219 HN 101

(1) 18. During what time of year does a horse’s coat produce extra sebum (oil) and why? US AB 250

PART E - VETERINARY AND FIRST AID

[2] 19. List 4 signs that a wound requires a vet’s attention: MH 359-360

(1) 20. Name two benefits of cold hosing as a first aid measure.

US C 232 MH 351

(3) 21. Name 3 diseases that affect the Respiratory System.

US A/B 360-362

(2) 22. Name 4 internal parasites that affect horses MH 357-8 USC 208-210

**(2) 23. Explain what a “fecal parasite count” is. Why is it helpful?
US C 210**

PART F - SADDLERY

(2) 24. What is the difference in how a correctly fitted jumping saddle positions the rider compared to a dressage saddle? S164-168 MH278

[3] 25. What type of leg protection would you choose for the following situations and why? S192-196 USAB 440-442

- a) cross country jumping**
- b) stadium jumping**
- c) riding in a dressage lesson**

(1) 26. A curb or leverage bit will cause a horse to flex at the poll. What does a snaffle bridle cause a horse to do? S32-33

(1) 27. What is the action of the hanging-cheek snaffle on the horse’s mouth? USAB 430

(2) 28. What is a problem that may occur when using a snaffle bit that is:

- a. too narrow**
- b. too wide US AB 428**

(1) 29. What is the safest metal for stirrup irons? HN 63 S 188

PART G- RIDING

**[2] 30. Give 2 objectives you should have when schooling lateral work.
US AB 74-75 NZ 2 158**

(3) 31. Explain a crest release and an automatic release. How might the horse react if the rider doesn't use a release over fences? USAB 96-97

(1) 32. What effect does deep muddy ground, an uphill slope, or a direction away from the in-gate have on a horse's stride? USC 134-135

[2] 33. What are 4 qualities of a correctly ridden leg yield? (Hint: not the aids, but how the judge will know that the movement is correctly demonstrated) USC 116, USAB 75-77 MH 64-65

(1) 34. Name the movement when the horse makes a 360 degree turn around the inside hind leg MH 70 USAB 83-34

(1) 35. When asking for a turn or a particular lead over a fence, what is the active rein aid used? USAB 117-119

PART H - CONFORMATION AND UNSOUNDNESS

(6) 36. For each of the following, describe what good conformation is and give an example of a conformation fault: HCH 82 106

- a) the topline**
- b) the foreleg viewed from the side**
- c) the lower leg (below the knee or hock)**

**(1) 37. Why should a horse have a good width between the branches of the jaw?
HCH 34 MH 406**

(3) 38. Circle the right answer

a) In most horses you will find that the (metatarsus/metacarpus) is longer HCH 16.

b) (Ringbone/splint) is the common name for a bony enlargement of one of the small metacarpal or metatarsal bones. HCH 124

c) Bog Spavin, a distension of the joint capsule of the hock (does/does not) normally cause lameness. HCH 318

d) In the front leg, ideal proportions include a (long/short) shoulder, a (long/short) forearm and a (long/short) cannon. USAB 261

PART I - TEETH AND AGING

(4) 39. At what age do the following normally appear in the average horse (HN 146-148) HCH 54-55

- a) canine teeth**
- b) dental star in lateral incisors**
- c) Galvayne's Groove**
- d) permanent lateral incisors**

(1) 40. What do you call the abnormality in which the upper teeth project forward over the lower teeth? USAB 338

(4) 41. Give the term for: (KYH 50-54)

- a) The dark depression on the tables of the teeth**
- b) A dark line which appears in the central incisor at age 8**
- c) The hard substance that surrounds the entire tooth HN 164**
- d) The veterinary tool that removes sharp edges from the tooth HCH 61 HN 166**

(1) 42. Describe the shape of the tables of a 2 year old horse HCH 51, 55

PART J LUNGEING

**(1) 43. What whip aid can be used to prevent a horse from cutting in on the circle while being lunged?
US AB 155**

**(2) 44. Lungeing can be used to educate a horse to accept the bit. What are two signs that the horse is starting to accept the bit while lungeing?
US AB 174**

(2) 45. Briefly explain how you would deal with the following:
a) playing on the line (US L 87-88)
b) horse who rushes (US L 89)

(2) 46. Describe the method of attaching the lunge line that give maximum control when lungeing off the bridle. Why must this method be used with great care? USL 70 USAB 164

(3) 47. Give two benefits of using side reins when lungeing. At what gait should they not be used? US AB 157-158