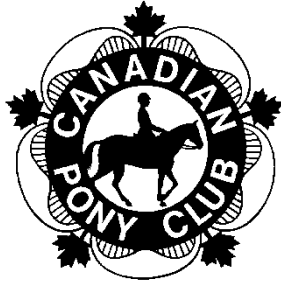


CANADIAN PONY CLUB



B2 LEVEL WRITTEN/ORAL 2011

References:

CSH	Conditioning the Sport Horse
HN	The Horsemaster's Notebook - 4 th Edition (1997)
KYH	Know Your Horse - 1992
MH	Manual of Horsemanship - 13 th Edition (2005)
S	Saddlery 1992
SJFA	St. John Emergency First Aid
US AB	USPC Manual of Horsemanship B, HA, A Levels
US C	USPC Manual of Horsemanship C Levels
US L	USPC Longeing and Ground Training
VN	Vet Notes for Horse Owners Hayes 17 th Edition

Total Marks : 117

Pass: 74.75 marks (65%)

PART A - STABLE AND PASTURE

12 MARKS

- [4] 1. Describe 4 stable vices and give a cause (other than boredom) for each one.
HN 104-8
- [5] 2. Apart from the daily stall cleaning, feeding, turn out etc., list 5 routine maintenance chores that are required at an equine facility. US AB 389-390
- [3] 3. Describe what procedures you would routinely follow in order to maintain the condition of your pastures. US C 171, US AB 313-314, MH 146-9

PART B – FEEDING

10 MARKS

- [3] 4. Discuss the value of beet pulp in the diet, including preparation and problems associated with feeding in excess. MH 166 US AB 313
- [1] 5. What are the results of excess protein in the horse's diet? MH 180 US C 191

- [1] 6. How should you store fat-soluble vitamin supplements to prevent deterioration? US AB 320-1
- [1] 7. Carbohydrate in excess of immediate needs can be stored as fat or as glycogen. . Where is glycogen stored? CSH 153
- [2] 8. Electrolytes are essential for the regulation of body fluids. Name two.
MH 181 CSH 72-4
- [1] 9. When conditioning a horse, it should be remembered that different tissues condition at different rates. Which tissues take the shortest time to condition – (a) tendons and ligaments, (b) muscles, or (c) hooves and bones? US AB 297, CSH 79
- [1] 10. When adjusting a ration for cold weather, an increase in what nutrient would contribute most to producing a higher body temperature in the horse?
US C 189

PART C - FOOT AND SHOEING

10 MARKS

- [3] 11. What shoe might be used for the following:
 a) brushing HN 193
 b) corns HN 179-180
 c) navicular HN 188-9
- [4] 12. Briefly explain the functions of the following:
 (a) Navicular bursa
 (b) Corium
 (c) Periople
 (d) Bars US AB 254-5 HN 168-171
- [3] 13. Discuss an acute case of laminitis in regard to possible causes, symptoms and treatment. US AB 361

PART D – GROOMING

10 MARKS

- [3] 14. What type of clip might you use on:
 (a) Ponies who live out.
 (b) A horse who is being worked, but who still goes outdoors.
 (c) A horse with a fine coat. MH 211-12

- [2] 15. List two reasons why a tail might be pulled, and describe how it is done.
MH 218, HN 101
- [4] 16. You are preparing a horse for a showing in-hand, or for sale to a prospective buyer. Briefly explain four additions you would make to your normal grooming routine in order to show him to his best advantage.
US AB 453-455
- [1] 17. What is the function of the extra long guard hairs in a horse's winter coat?
US AB 250

PART E - VET AND FIRST AID

10 MARKS

- [3] 18. Briefly explain the life cycle of the bot. US AB 343 KYH 93
- [2] 19. Name two symptoms of recurrent uveitis. US AB 361 VN 132
- [2] 20. Give 2 reasons for applying a pressure bandage. US AB 401
- [3] 21. Discuss tetanus. Your answer should include cause, symptoms and prevention. MH 367-8 US AB 350

PART F – SADDLERY

10 MARKS

- [5] 22. Bits work on specific pressure points on the horse's head. Pressure on different points has specific effects. Match the pressure point with its characteristic effect.
- | | |
|---------------------------------------------------------------------------|--------------------|
| a) Pressure on this spot alone tends to cause the horse to raise his head | 1) Poll |
| b) Pressure here encourages the horse to extend head and neck | 2) Tongue |
| c) Pressure here tends to encourage the horse to open his mouth | 3) Corners of lips |
| d) Pressure here encourages the horse to lower his head | 4) Roof of mouth |
| e) Pressure here encourages flexion and yielding of the jaw and chewing | 5) Sides of jaws |
| (Note: There will be a pressure point left over.)
US AB 424-425 | 6) Curb groove |

- [1] 23. Give one purpose of the lip strap. MH 297-8 S 16
- [1] 24. For safety reasons, the girth should always be buckled to the first and either the second or third girth straps (billets). Why is this? MH 274
- [3] 25. Name the bits in a double bridle, and describe their correct placement in the horse's mouth. MH 305-307 US AB 435-436

PART G - RIDING

10 MARKS

- [2] 26. List 2 reasons that a horse may jump with a flat or hollow back. MH 85
- [4] 27. When schooling the half pirouette, list two common faults and give a correction for each one. MH 72
- [4] 28. Define or explain:
 a) balance b) impulsion c) rhythm d) tempo
 MH 35-37

PART H - CONFORMATION AND UNSOUNDNESS

10 MARKS

- [5] 29. Match the unsoundness with the location on the horse.
- | | |
|-----------------|-----------------------------------------------|
| a) Sidebone | 1. pastern bones |
| b) Ringbone | 2. periosteum of the cannon bone |
| c) Carpalis | 3. lateral cartilages of the foot |
| d) Bucked shins | 4. bones of fetlock/metacarpophalangeal joint |
| e) Osselets | 5. knee joint |
- US AB 270-273
- [3] 30. What is the common term for:
 (a) inflammation of the periosteum of the cannon bone
 (b) ossification of the lateral cartilages
 (c) strain of the plantar ligament US AB 270 - 273

Circle the correct answer

- [1] 31. (Forging/over-reaching) is the noise made by the striking of the hindshoe against the front shoe as the horse is trotting and occurs because the horse is tired or unbalanced or the hindfeet are too long. VN 142-3 MH 363
- [1] 32. When a horse injures the inside of the coronary band of one foot by the contralateral foot, he is said to (brush/tread) VH 143 MH 363

PART J - TEETH AND AGING**10 MARKS**

- [4] 33. Define the following terms:
a) Dental star
b) Infundibulum
c) Bishoping
d) Dental arcade US AB 333 - 335 HN 164-5
- [3] 34. Name the three substances that enter into the composition of teeth.
HN 164 VN 688
- [1] 35. How does the shape of the horse's upper and lower jaw affect how the molars wear? US C 214
- [2] 36. List 4 features of canine teeth. VN 690-691 KYH 50

PART K – LUNGEING**10 MARKS**

- [1] 37. Give one advantage of sliding side reins (Lauffer reins) over regular side reins. US AB 160 L 66
- [4] 38. Name 4 ways of avoiding boredom and keeping a horse's attention during a lungeing session. US AB 182 L 89
- [2] 39. Describe the method of attaching the lunge line that gives maximum control when lungeing off a bridle. Why must this method be used with great care?
US AB 164 L 26-28
- [2] 40. What effect do the following gestures with the whip have on the horse?
a) Pointing toward a point in front of the head.
b) Pointing toward the horse's shoulder. US AB 152 L 39
- [1] 41. Why should horses never be lunged on too small a circle? US AB 155-156 US C 281, 286 L 50

PART L – TEACHING**10 MARKS**

- [4] 42. Give the approximate distances for the following:
a) trot poles for ponies
b) trot poles to cross rail
c) one stride combination at canter
d) bounce fence at canter MH 92, 96, 114

- [3] 43. When teaching, your students must be able to hear your instructions. List 3 important things to remember so that your students can hear you when teaching an outdoor lesson. US AB 198-199
- [2] 44. List four things that a good introductory (first) lesson for a beginner should include. US AB 202-3
- [1] 45. If a rider in your group lesson in an arena tells you she has to alter her stirrup length, where would you instruct her to stand in order to make the adjustment? US AB 201

Part M – MISCELLANEOUS

5 MARKS

- [1] 46. Is Long, Slow Distance work aerobic or anaerobic conditioning? US AB 297
- [3] 47. What are 3 ways you could make the inside of a trailer more appealing to a difficult loader or a green horse? US AB 418-9 MH 262-4
- [1] 48. The pulse rate of a healthy adult at rest varies but what is the usual average? SJFA 2.6